

Product datasheet for TP720560M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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KPNA2 (NM_002266) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human karyopherin alpha 2 (RAG cohort 1, importin alpha 1) (KPNA2)

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

Met1-Phe529

or AA Sequence:

Tag: N-His

Predicted MW: 60.0 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

Endotoxin: < 0.1 EU per μg protein as determined by LAL test

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeg: NP 002257

 Locus ID:
 3838

 UniProt ID:
 P52292

 Cytogenetics:
 17q24.2

Synonyms: IPOA1; QIP2; RCH1; SRP1-alpha; SRP1alpha





Summary:

The import of proteins into the nucleus is a process that involves at least 2 steps. The first is an energy-independent docking of the protein to the nuclear envelope and the second is an energy-dependent translocation through the nuclear pore complex. Imported proteins require a nuclear localization sequence (NLS) which generally consists of a short region of basic amino acids or 2 such regions spaced about 10 amino acids apart. Proteins involved in the first step of nuclear import have been identified in different systems. These include the Xenopus protein importin and its yeast homolog, SRP1 (a suppressor of certain temperature-sensitive mutations of RNA polymerase I in Saccharomyces cerevisiae), which bind to the NLS. KPNA2 protein interacts with the NLSs of DNA helicase Q1 and SV40 T antigen and may be involved in the nuclear transport of proteins. KPNA2 also may play a role in V(D)J recombination. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

Product images:

