

Product datasheet for **TP720160**

Rad6 (UBE2A) (NM_003336) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

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|---------------------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Recombinant protein of human ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2A (RAD6 homolog) (UBE2A), transcript variant 1 |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | E. coli |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | Met1-Cys152 |
| Tag: | N-GST&His |
| Predicted MW: | 49 kDa |
| Concentration: | lot specific |
| Purity: | >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl |
| Endotoxin: | < 0.1 EU per µg protein as determined by LAL test |
| Storage: | Store at -80°C. |
| Stability: | Stable for at least 3 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling conditions. |
| RefSeq: | NP_003327 |
| Locus ID: | 7319 |
| UniProt ID: | P49459 |
| Cytogenetics: | Xq24 |
| Synonyms: | HHR6A; MRXS30; MRXSN; RAD6A; UBC2 |



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Summary:

The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and ubiquitin-protein ligases. This gene encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. This enzyme is required for post-replicative DNA damage repair, and may play a role in transcriptional regulation. Mutations in this gene are associated with cognitive disability. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways:

Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis

Product images: