

## **Product datasheet for TP504079**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Tardbp (NM\_001003899) Mouse Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Mouse TAR DNA binding protein (Tardbp), with C-terminal

MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

**Species:** Mouse

**Expression Host:** HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone** >MR204079 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MSEYIRVTEDENDEPIEIPSEDDGTVLLSTVTAQFPGACGLRYRNPVSQCMRGVRLVEGILHAPDAGWGN LVYVVNYPKDNKRKMDETDASSAVKVKRAVQKTSDLIVLGLPWKTTEQDLKDYFSTFGEVLMVQVKKDLK TGHSKGFGFVRFTEYETQVKVMSQRHMIDGRWCDCKLPNSKQSPDEPLRSRKVFVGRCTEDMTAEELQQF FCQYGEVVDVFIPKPFRAFAFVTFADDKVAQSLCGEDLIIKGISVHISNAEPKHNSNRQLERSGRFGVHL

ISNVYGRSTSLKVVL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 33.3 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 001003899

**Locus ID:** 230908

UniProt ID: <u>Q921F2</u>, <u>Q8BLD4</u>, <u>Q8R0B4</u>





## Tardbp (NM\_001003899) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP504079

RefSeq Size: 6486 Cytogenetics: 4 E2 RefSeq ORF: 888

**Synonyms:** 1190002A23Rik; C85084; TDP-43; Tdp43

**Summary:** RNA-binding protein that is involved in various steps of RNA biogenesis and processing.

Preferentially binds, via its two RNA recognition motifs RRM1 and RRM2, to GU-repeats on RNA molecules predominantly localized within long introns and in the 3' UTR of mRNAs. In turn, regulates the splicing of many non-coding and protein-coding RNAs including proteins involved in neuronal survival, as well as mRNAs that encode proteins relevant for neurodegenerative diseases. Plays a role in maintaining mitochondrial homeostasis by regulating the processing of mitochondrial transcripts. Regulates also mRNA stability by recruiting CNOT7/CAF1 deadenylase on mRNA 3' UTR leading to poly(A) tail deadenylation and thus shortening. In response to oxidative insult, associates with stalled ribosomes localized to stress granules (SGs) and contributes to cell survival. Participates also in the normal skeletal muscle formation and regeneration, forming cytoplasmic myo-granules and binding mRNAs that encode sarcomeric proteins. Plays a role in the maintenance of the circadian clock periodicity via

stabilization of the CRY1 and CRY2 proteins in a FBXL3-dependent manner

(PubMed:27123980).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]