

## Product datasheet for **TP301568L**

### Argininosuccinate Lyase (ASL) (NM\_001024943) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human argininosuccinate lyase (ASL), transcript variant 1, 1 mg

**Species:** Human

**Expression Host:** HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:** >RC201568 protein sequence  
**Red**=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MASEGKLVGGFRVGVAVDPIMEKFNASIAYDRHLWEVDVQGSKAYSRGLEKAGLLTKAEMDQILHGLDKV  
AEEWAQGTFFKLNSNDEDIHTANERRLKELIGATAGKLHTGRSRNDQVWTDLRLWMRQTCSTLSGLLWELI  
RTMVDRAEAERDVLFPGYTHLQRAQPIRWSHWILSHAVALTRDSERLLEVRKRINVLPLGSGAIAGNPLG  
VDRELLRAELNFGAITLNSMDATSERDFVAEFLFWASLCMTHLSRMAEDLILYCTKEFSFVQLSDAYSTG  
SSLMPQKKNPDSLELIRSKAGRVFGRCAGLLMTLKGLPSTYKNDLQEDKEAVFEVSDTMSAVLQVATGVI  
STLQIHQENMGQALSPDMLATDLAYYLVRKGMPPRQAHEASGKAVFMAETKGVALNQLSLQELQTISPLF  
SGDVICVWDYGHVSVEQY GALGGTARSSVDWQIRQVRALLQAQQA

**SGPTRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV**

**Tag:** C-Myc/DDK

**Predicted MW:** 51.5 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

**Storage:** Store at -80°C.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** [NP\\_001020114](#)



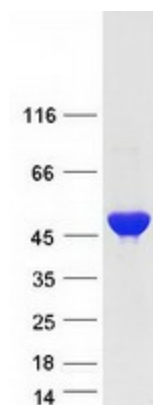
[View online »](#)

Locus ID:	435
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P04424</a> , <a href="#">A0A024RDL8</a>
RefSeq Size:	2061
Cytogenetics:	7q11.21
RefSeq ORF:	1392
Synonyms:	ASAL

**Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the lyase 1 family. The encoded protein forms a cytosolic homotetramer and primarily catalyzes the reversible hydrolytic cleavage of argininosuccinate into arginine and fumarate, an essential step in the liver in detoxifying ammonia via the urea cycle. Mutations in this gene result in the autosomal recessive disorder argininosuccinic aciduria, or argininosuccinic acid lyase deficiency. A nontranscribed pseudogene is also located on the long arm of chromosome 22. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Pathways:** Alanine, aspartate and glutamate metabolism, Arginine and proline metabolism, Metabolic pathways

### Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ASL protein (Cat# [TP301568]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ASL cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201568]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).