

Product datasheet for SC332469

HTR2C (NM 001256761) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: HTR2C (NM_001256761) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free
Symbol: HTR2C

Synonyms: 5-HT1C; 5-HT2C; 5-HTR2C; 5HTR2C; HTR1C

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC332469 representing NM_001256761.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM 001256761

Insert Size: 747 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).



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Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001256761.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4679 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 747 bp

 Locus ID:
 3358

 UniProt ID:
 P28335

 Cytogenetics:
 Xq23

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, Gap junction, Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 28.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a seven-transmembrane G-protein-coupled receptor. The encoded protein

responds to signaling through the neurotransmitter serotonin. The mRNA of this gene is subject to multiple RNA editing events, where adenosine residues encoded by the genome are

converted to inosines. RNA editing is predicted to alter the structure of the second intracellular loop, thereby generating alternate protein forms with decreased ability to interact with G proteins. Abnormalities in RNA editing of this gene have been detected in victims of suicide that suffer from depression. In addition, naturally-occuring variation in the promoter and 5' non-coding and coding regions of this gene may show statistically-significant association with mental illness and behavioral disorders. Alternative splicing results in

multiple different transcript variants. [provided by RefSeg, Jan 2015]

Transcript Variant: This variant (3, also known as 5-HT2C-tr) differs in the 5' UTR and uses an alternate splice site in the 3' coding region, which results in a frameshift, compared to variant 1. The resulting isoform (b) has a shorter and distinct C-terminus compared to isoform a.