

Product datasheet for RG232348

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Estrogen Related Receptor gamma (ESRRG) (NM 001243506) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Estrogen Related Receptor gamma (ESRRG) (NM 001243506) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: TurboGFP
Symbol: ESRRG

Synonyms: ERR-gamma; ERR3; ERRg; ERRgamma; NR3B3

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >RG232348 representing NM_001243506 Sequence: Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

 ${\tt TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC}$

GCCGCGATCGCC

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA





Protein Sequence: >RG232348 representing NM_001243506

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

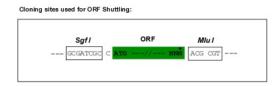
MKCLKVGMLKEGVRLDRVRGGRQKYKRRIDAENSPYLNPQLVQPAKKPYNKIVSHLLVAEPEKIYAMPDP TVPDSDIKALTTLCDLADRELVVIIGWAKHIPGFSTLSLADQMSLLQSAWMEILILGVVYRSLSFEDELV YADDYIMDEDQSKLAGLLDLNNAILQLVKKYKSMKLEKEEFVTLKAIALANSDSMHIEDVEAVQKLQDVL HEALQDYEAGQHMEDPRRAGKMLMTLPLLRQTSTKAVQHFYNIKLEGKVPMHKLFLEMLEAKV

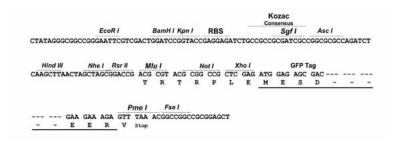
TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites:

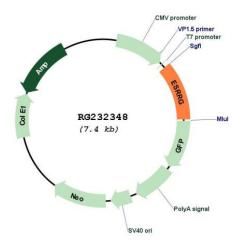
Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning Scheme:





Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001243506

ORF Size: 819 bp



Estrogen Related Receptor gamma (ESRRG) (NM_001243506) Human Tagged ORF Clone - RG232348

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

1q41

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001243506.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4846 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 822 bp

 Locus ID:
 2104

 UniProt ID:
 P62508

Cytogenetics:

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the estrogen receptor-related receptor (ESRR) family, which

belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily. All members of the ESRR family share an almost identical DNA binding domain, which is composed of two C4-type zinc finger motifs. The ESRR members are orphan nuclear receptors; they bind to the estrogen response element and steroidogenic factor 1 response element, and activate genes controlled by both response elements in the absence of any ligands. The ESRR family is closely related to the estrogen receptor (ER) family. They share target genes, co-regulators and promoters, and by targeting the same set of genes, the ESRRs seem to interfere with the ER-mediated estrogen response in various ways. It has been reported that the family member encoded by this gene functions as a transcriptional activator of DNA cytosine-5-methyltransferases 1 (Dnmt1) expression by direct binding to its response elements in the DNMT1 promoters, modulates cell proliferation and estrogen signaling in breast cancer, and negatively regulates bone morphogenetic protein 2-induced osteoblast differentiation and bone formation. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified, which mainly differ at the 5' end and some of which encode protein isoforms differing in the N-terminal region. [provided by

RefSeq, Aug 2011]