

## Product datasheet for **RC228924L1V**

### AMHR2 (NM\_001164690) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	AMHR2 (NM_001164690) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	AMHR2
Synonyms:	AMHR; MISR2; MISRII; MR11
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001164690
ORF Size:	1434 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC228924).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001164690.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	1859 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1437 bp
Locus ID:	269
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q16671</a>
Cytogenetics:	12q13.13
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, TGF-beta signaling pathway



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MW: 52.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes the receptor for the anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) which, in addition to testosterone, results in male sex differentiation. AMH and testosterone are produced in the testes by different cells and have different effects. Testosterone promotes the development of male genitalia while the binding of AMH to the encoded receptor prevents the development of the mullerian ducts into uterus and Fallopian tubes. Mutations in this gene are associated with persistent Mullerian duct syndrome type II. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]