

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Product datasheet for RC213661L3V

## PAM (NM\_138766) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PAM (NM_138766) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PAM
Synonyms:	PAL; PHM
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_138766
ORF Size:	2715 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213661).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 138766.2, NP 620121.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	5152 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2718 bp
Locus ID:	5066
UniProt ID:	<u>P19021</u>
Cytogenetics:	5q21.1
Domains:	Cu2_monoox_C, NHL
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane



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	PAM (NM_138766) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC213661L3V
MW:	100.8 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a multifunctional protein. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate the mature enzyme. This enzyme includes two domains with distinct catalytic activities, a peptidylglycine alpha-hydroxylating monooxygenase (PHM) domain and a peptidyl-alpha-hydroxyglycine alpha-amidating lyase (PAL) domain. These catalytic domains work sequentially to catalyze the conversion of neuroendocrine peptides to active alpha-amidated products. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes an isoform that is proteolytically processed. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]

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