

Product datasheet for RC206613L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD1 (CD1D) (NM_001766) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CD1 (CD1D) (NM_001766) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CD1

Synonyms: CD1A; R3; R3G1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag:Myc-DDKACCN:NM_001766

ORF Size: 1005 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206613).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (o.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001766.3, NP 001757.1</u>

RefSeq Size:3795 bpRefSeq ORF:1008 bp

Locus ID: 912

 UniProt ID:
 P15813

 Cytogenetics:
 1q23.1

Domains: IGc1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane







Protein Pathways: Hematopoietic cell lineage

MW: 37.7 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a divergent member of the CD1 family of transmembrane glycoproteins,

which are structurally related to the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) proteins and form heterodimers with beta-2-microglobulin. The CD1 proteins mediate the presentation of primarily lipid and glycolipid antigens of self or microbial origin to T cells. The human

genome contains five CD1 family genes organized in a cluster on chromosome 1. The CD1 family members are thought to differ in their cellular localization and specificity for particular lipid ligands. The protein encoded by this gene localizes to late endosomes and lysosomes via

a tyrosine-based motif in the cytoplasmic tail. Two transcript variants encoding different

isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]