

Product datasheet for **RC200420L3V**

CX3CL1 (NM_002996) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CX3CL1 (NM_002996) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CX3CL1
Synonyms:	ABCD-3; C3Xkine; CXC3; CXC3C; fractalkine; neurotactin; NTN; NTT; SCYD1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002996
ORF Size:	1191 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200420).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_002996.3
RefSeq Size:	3304 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1194 bp
Locus ID:	6376
UniProt ID:	P78423
Cytogenetics:	16q21
Domains:	IL8
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways: Chemokine signaling pathway, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

MW: 42.7 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene belongs to the CX3C subgroup of chemokines, characterized by the number of amino acids located between the conserved cysteine residues. This is the only member of the CX3C subgroup, which contains three amino acids between cysteine residues, resulting in a Cys-X-X-X-Cys configuration. The encoded protein contains an extended mucin-like stalk with a chemokine domain on top, and exists in both a membrane-anchored form where it acts as a binding molecule, or, in soluble form, as a chemotactic cytokine. The mature form of this protein can be cleaved at the cell surface, yielding different soluble forms that can interact with the G-protein coupled receptor, C-X3-C motif chemokine receptor 1 gene product. This gene plays a role in a wide range of diseases, including cancer, vasculitis, neuropathies, atherosclerosis, inflammatory diseases, and in human immunodeficiency virus infections. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2017]