

Product datasheet for PP1002B2

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EGF Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: To detect hEGF by direct ELISA (using 100 μl/well antibody solution) this antibody can

be used at a concentration of 0.15-0.30 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, allows the detection of at least 0.2 ng/well of recombinant hEGF. Western Blot: To detect hEGF by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a

concentration of 0.1-0.2 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the

detection limit for recombinant hEGF is 1.5-3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-

reducing conditions.

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Highly pure (>98%) recombinant hEGF (human EGF).

Specificity: This antibody reacts with Epidermal Growth Factor (hEGF).

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives.

Label: Biotin

State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.

Label: conjugated

Reconstitution Method: Restore in sterile PBS containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Purification: Affinity chromatography.

Conjugation: Biotin

Storage: Store the antibody prior to reconstitution at -20°C. Following reconstitution the antibody can

be stored at 2-8°C for one month or at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: epidermal growth factor

Database Link: Entrez Gene 1950 Human

P01133





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Background: Epidermal growth factor (EGF) has a profound effect on the differentiation of specific cells in

vivo and is a potent mitogenic factor for a variety of cultured cells. The EGF precursor is believed to exist as a membrane bound molecule which is proteolytically cleaved to generate the 53 amino acid peptide hormone that stimulates cells to divide. EGF exerts its actions by

binding to the EGFR, a 170 kDa protein.

Epidermal growth factor (EGF) is a key growth factor regulating cell survival. Through its binding to cell surface receptors, EGF activates an extensive network of signal transduction pathways that include activation of the PI3K/AKT, RAS/ERK and JAK/STAT pathways. Because of its key role in driving the proliferation of cells, EGFR is a target of several anti-cancer drugs

currently in development.

Synonyms: Urogastrone, Epidermal growth factor, URG, HOMG4

Note: Centrifuge vial prior to opening!

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS,

Induced pluripotent stem cells, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Bladder cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Endocytosis, Endometrial cancer, ErbB

signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prostate

cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton