

Product datasheet for AR51103PU-S

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ATP1B1 (63-303, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: ATP1B1 (63-303, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSEFKPTYQ DRVAPPGLTQ IPQIQKTEIS FRPNDPKSYE AYVLNIVRFL EKYKDSAQRD DMIFEDCGDV PSEPKERGDF NHERGERKVC RFKLEWLGNC SGLNDETYGY KEGKPCIIIK LNRVLGFKPK PPKNESLETY PVMKYNPNVL PVQCTGKRDE DKDKVGNVEY FGLGNSPGFP LQYYPYYGKL LQPKYLQPLL AVQFTNLTMD TEIRIECKAY

GENIGYSEKD RFQGRFDVKI EVKS

Tag: His-tag
Predicted MW: 30.4 kDa
Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >90% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 0.4M Urea

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human ATP1B1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli

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Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid

repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001668

Locus ID: 481

 UniProt ID:
 P05026, A3KLL5

Cytogenetics: 1q24.2 Synonyms: ATP1B





Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases beta chain proteins, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprotein subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 1 subunit. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described, but their biological validity is not known. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Cardiac muscle contraction

Product images:

