

# Product datasheet for AP09515PU-N

# FAK (PTK2) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

### **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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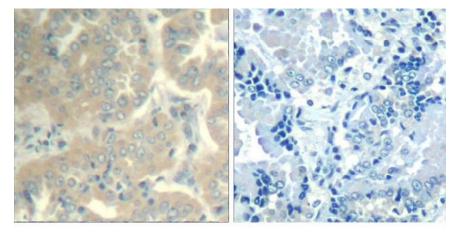
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry: 1/50 - 1/100.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human FAK around the phosphorylation site of tyrosine 576/577 (T-Y-YP-K-A)
Specificity:	FAK Antibody detects endogenous levels of total FAK protein.
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified lg
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	protein tyrosine kinase 2
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 14083 MouseEntrez Gene 25614 RatEntrez Gene 5747 Human</u> <u>Q05397</u>



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#### FAK (PTK2) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP09515PU-N Background: Focal adhesion kinase (FAK) is a non receptor protein tyrosine kinase discovered as a substrate for Src and as a key element of integrin signaling. FAK plays a central role in cell spreading, differentiation, migration, cell death and acceleration of the G1 to S phase transition of the cell cycle. FAK regulation includes phosphorylation at multiple tyrosine and serine residues. Phosphorylation of tyrosine generally is associated with positive regulation and growth promotion, however, dephosphorylation at these sites occurs as cells enter mitosis (M-Phase of the cell cycle). In contrast, serine phosphorylation either remains high or is increased as cells enter mitosis and may play a role in focal adhesion disassembly. FAK and its phosphorylation states have been implicated in cancer metastasis and tumor cell survival and adhesion-independent growth. Additionally, recent evidence indicates that elevation of FAK activity in human carcinoma cells is associated with increased invasive potential. A central role in tumor formation and progression suggests that FAK is an attractive target for therapeutic intervention. Synonyms: FAK, Focal adhesion kinase 1, FADK1, pp125FAK, Protein-tyrosine kinase 2 **Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase **Protein Pathways:** Axon guidance, Chemokine signaling pathway, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Small cell lung cancer, VEGF signaling pathway

## **Product images:**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human lung carcinoma tissue using FAK Antibody

Peptide

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