

Product datasheet for AP01136BT-N

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CD22 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: Direct: To detect hCD22 (using 100 µl/well antibody solution) a concentration of

0.25 - $1.0~\mu g/ml$ of this antibody is required. In conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, it allows the detection of at least 0.2 - 0.4~ng/well of recombinant hCD22. Sandwich: To detect hCD22 (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of

 $0.25 - 1.0 \,\mu\text{g/ml}$ of this antibody is required. In conjunction with Polyclonal Anti-Human CD22 as a capture antibody, it allows the detection of at least $0.2 - 0.4 \,\text{ng/well}$ of recombinant

hCD22.

Western blot: To detect hCD22 this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant hCD22 is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Highly pure (> 98 %) recombinant human CD22

Specificity: This antibody detects CD22.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2

Label: Biotin

State: Sterile filtered lyophilized Ig fraction

Reconstitution Method: Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Restore in sterile PBS containing 0.1 % BSA to a

concentration of 0.1 - 1.0 mg/ml.

Purification: Affinity chromatography

Conjugation: Biotin

Storage: Store the lyophilized antibody at -20 °C. Following reconstitution it is stable for two weeks at

2 - 8 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for 6 months when stored at -20 °C. Avoid repeated

freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: CD22 molecule





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Database Link: Entrez Gene 933 Human

P20273

Background: CD22 is a type 1 integral membrane glycoprotein with molecular weight of 130 to 140kD. It is

expressed in both the cytoplasm and cell membrane of B lymphocytes. CD22 antigen appears

early in B cell lymphocyte differentiation at approximately the same stage as the CD19 antigen. Unlike other B cell markers, CD22 membrane expression is limited to the late differentiation stages comprised between mature B cells (CD22+) and plasma cells (CD22-), and may thus prove useful in phenotyping mature leukemias. CD22 is also strongly expressed in hairy cell leukemia. There are two different isoforms of CD22. It exists predominantly as a monomer of the beta isoform but can also be found as a heterodimer composed of the beta

isoform and a second, shorter isoform (CD22 alpha).

Synonyms: SIGLEC2, Siglec-2, B-cell receptor CD22, Leu-14, BL-CAM